**Module LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm LV DAISY ADV1 (LEDiL)**

Modules LLE advanced

Product description

- Ideal for linear lights
- Push terminals for quick and simple wiring of LED module to LED module
- Design for LEDiL DAISY 7x1 / 28x1 portfolio
- Long life-time: 72,000 hours
- 5-year guarantee

Optical properties

- Colour temperatures 3,000 K and 4,000 K
- Typ. luminous flux 3,500 lm
- Efficacy of the module up to 195 lm/W
- High colour rendering index CRI > 80
- High colour consistency (MacAdam 3)^①
- Small luminous flux tolerances



LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm LVD ADV1

Mechanical properties

- Module dimension 24 x 1,120 mm
- Simple installation of lens and module with M3 screws



Module with LEDiL DAISY lens system

System solution

- LED system solution with outstanding system efficacy up to 179 lm/W, in combination with linear SELV LED Driver from Tridonic



→
Standards, page 3

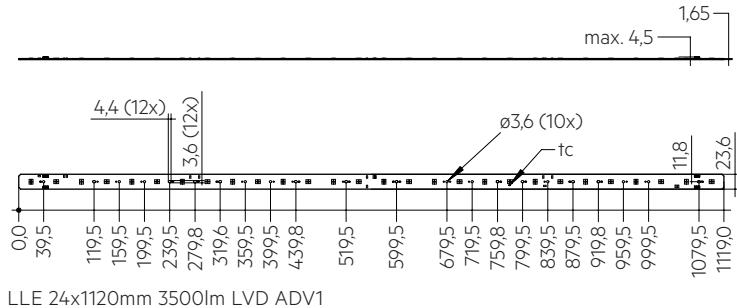
Colour temperatures and tolerances, page 7

**Module LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm LV DAISY ADV1 (LEDiL)**

Modules LLE advanced

Technical data

Beam characteristic	120°
Ambient temperature range	-40 ... +65 °C
tp rated	65 °C
tc	80 °C
Irated for 3,500 lm	500 mA
Imax for 3,500 lm	1,400 mA
Max. permissible LF current ripple for 3,500 lm	1,760 mA
Max. permissible peak current for 3,500 lm	2,400 mA / max. 10 ms
Max. working voltage for insulation SELV [®]	60 V
Insulation test voltage	0.5 kV
CTI of the printed circuit board	≥ 600
ESD classification	severity level 4
Risk group (IEC 62471:2008) ^③	RG1
Classification acc. to IEC 62031	Built-in
Type of protection	IP00
Life-time	up to 72,000 h
Guarantee	5 years

**Ordering data**

Type	Article number	Colour temperature	Packaging carton [®]	Weight per pc.
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 830 LVD ADV1	89603466	3,000 K	20 pc(s).	0.090 kg
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 840 LVD ADV1	89603467	4,000 K	20 pc(s).	0.090 kg

^④ Orders only in full carton quantities.**Specific technical data**

Type ^①	Photo-metric code	Typ. luminous flux at tp = 25 °C ^②	Typ. luminous flux at tp = 65 °C ^②	Typ. forward current	Min. forward voltage at tp = 65 °C	Max. forward voltage at tp = 25 °C	Typ. power consumption at tp = 65 °C ^③	Efficacy of the module at tp = 25 °C	Efficacy of the module at tp = 65 °C	Efficacy of the system at tp = 65 °C	Colour rendering index CRI
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm – Operating mode NM at 500 mA											
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 830 LVD ADV1	830/359	3,660 lm	3,500 lm	500 mA	35.9 V	39.1 V	18.8 W	193 lm/W	186 lm/W	171 lm/W	> 80
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 840 LVD ADV1	840/359	3,830 lm	3,660 lm	500 mA	35.9 V	39.1 V	18.8 W	201 lm/W	195 lm/W	179 lm/W	> 80
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm – Operating mode HO at 800 mA											
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 830 LVD ADV1	830/359	5,590 lm	5,350 lm	800 mA	36.7 V	40.0 V	30.7 W	180 lm/W	174 lm/W	160 lm/W	> 80
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 840 LVD ADV1	840/359	5,850 lm	5,590 lm	800 mA	36.7 V	40.0 V	30.7 W	188 lm/W	182 lm/W	167 lm/W	> 80
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm – Operating mode HO at 1,200 mA											
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 830 LVD ADV1	830/359	8,270 lm	7,910 lm	1,200 mA	37.7 V	40.9 V	47.2 W	173 lm/W	168 lm/W	155 lm/W	> 80
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm 840 LVD ADV1	840/359	8,650 lm	8,270 lm	1,200 mA	37.7 V	40.9 V	47.2 W	181 lm/W	175 lm/W	161 lm/W	> 80

^① Integral measurement over the complete module.^② If mounted with M3 screws in combination with LEDiL DAISY lens.^③ Measured at operating mode HO.^④ HE ... high efficiency, NM ... nominal mode, HO ... high output.^⑤ Tolerance range for optical and electrical data: ±10 %.

1. Standards

IEC 62031
IEC 62471
IEC 61000-4-2
IEC 62778
IEC 61547

1.1 Photometric code

Key for photometric code, e. g. 830 / 349

1 st digit	2 nd + 3 rd digit	4 th digit	5 th digit	6 th digit
Code	CRI	Colour temperature in Kelvin x 100	MacAdam after 25% of the life-time (max.6000h)	Luminous flux after 25% of the life-time (max.6000h)
7	70 – 79	MacAdam initial	Code 7	Luminous flux ≥ 70 %
8	80 – 89		8	≥ 80 %
9	≥ 90		9	≥ 90 %

1.2 Energy classification

Type	Energy classification
LLE 24mm LVD ADV1	A++

2. Thermal details

2.1 tc point, ambient temperature and life-time

The temperature at tp reference point is crucial for the light output and life-time of a LED product.

For LLE a tp temperature of 65 °C has to be complied in order to achieve an optimum between heat sink requirements, light output and life-time.

Compliance with the maximum permissible reference temperature at the tc point must be checked under operating conditions in a thermally stable state. The maximum value must be determined under worst-case conditions for the relevant application.

The tc and tp temperature of LED modules from Tridonic are measured at the same reference point.

2.2 Storage and humidity

Storage temperature	-40 ... +80 °C
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Operation only in non condensing environment.

Humidity during processing of the module should be between 30 to 70 %.

2.3 Heat sink values

LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm LVD ADV1

ta	tp	Forward current	R _{th, hs-a}	Cooling area
25 °C	65 °C	500 mA		self cooling
25 °C	65 °C	1,200 mA	2.0 K/W	329 cm ²
35 °C	65 °C	500 mA		self cooling
35 °C	65 °C	1,200 mA	1.5 K/W	438 cm ²
40 °C	65 °C	500 mA		self cooling
40 °C	65 °C	1,200 mA	1.2 K/W	526 cm ²
45 °C	65 °C	500 mA		self cooling
45 °C	65 °C	1,200 mA	1.0 K/W	659 cm ²
50 °C	65 °C	500 mA	1.9 K/W	345 cm ²
50 °C	65 °C	1,200 mA	0.7 K/W	879 cm ²

Notes

The actual cooling surface can differ because of the material, the structural shape, outside influences and the installation situation. Depending on the heat sink a heat conducting paste or heat conducting film might be necessary to keep the specified tp temperature.

3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Electrical supply/choice of LED Driver

LLE modules from Tridonic are not protected against overvoltages, overcurrents, overloads or short-circuit currents. Safe and reliable operation can only be guaranteed in conjunction with a LED Driver which complies with the relevant standards. The use of LED Driver from Tridonic in combination with LLE modules guarantees the necessary protection for safe and reliable operation.

If a LED Driver other than Tridonic is used, it must provide the following protection:

- Short-circuit protection
- Overload protection
- Overtemperature protection

! LLE modules must be supplied by a constant current LED Driver. Operation with a constant voltage LED Driver will lead to an irreversible damage of the module.

Wrong polarity can damage the LLE.

With parallel wiring tolerance-related differences in output are possible (thermal stress of the module) and can cause differences in brightness.

If a wire breaks or a complete module fails then the current passing through the other module increases. This may reduce its life considerably.

The max. permissible output current of the LED Driver for parallel wiring is 3 A.

For parallel wiring only modules of the same forward voltage bin may be used.

The forward voltage bin is indicated on the label of the module.

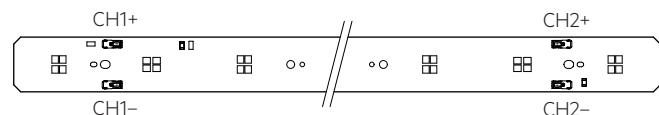
89603460	LLE 24x140mm 400lm 830 LVD ADV1	3000K
09/2019	12345678	1234
I _{rated/max} =	100/350mA DC	V _{f,typ} = 21,3/22,7V

! The 24x1120mm module is not designed for parallel wiring. Due to the module design only 280 and 560 mm modules can be combined with each other.

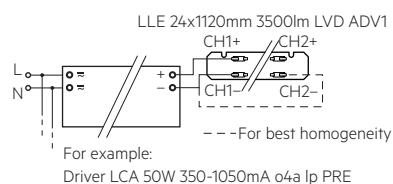
LLE have to be operated with SELV LED Drivers.

! LLE are basic insulated up to 60 V SELV (if mounted with M3 screws in combination with LEDiL DAISY lens) against ground and can be mounted directly on earthed metal parts of the luminaire. If the max. output voltage of the LED Driver (also against earth) is above 60 V SELV, an additional insulation between LED module and heat sink is required (for example by insulated thermal pads) or by a suitable luminaire construction.

3.2 Wiring

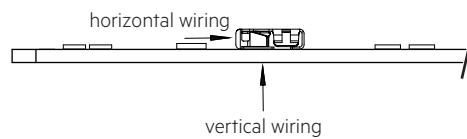


Wiring examples

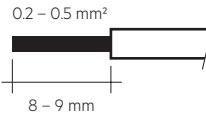


3.3 Wiring type and cross section

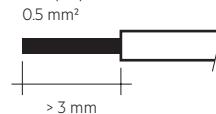
For horizontal wiring, stranded wire of 0.5 mm² or solid wire with a wire cross-section of 0.2 to 0.5 mm² (stripping length 8 - 9 mm) can be used and for vertical wiring solid wire with 0.5 mm² (stripping length > 3 mm) can be used. Only one wire per terminal allowed.



wire preparation (horizontal):

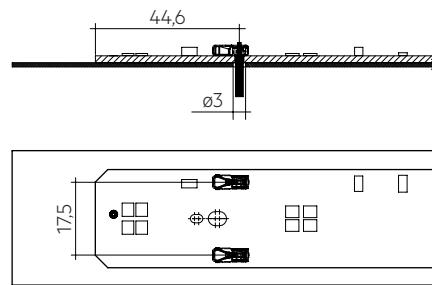


wire preparation (vertical):



Removing the wires through twist and pull.

Cut-out for vertical wiring:



3.4 Mounting instruction



None of the components of the LLE (substrate, LED, electronic components etc.) may be exposed to tensile or compressive stresses.

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm.

The LED modules are mounted onto a heat sink with min. 2 screws per module.

Only touch the module at the edge to separate the modules (see marking below).



Chemical substance may harm the LED module. Chemical reactions could lead to colour shift, reduced luminous flux or a total failure of the module caused by corrosion of electrical connections.

Materials which are used in LED applications (e.g. sealings, adhesives) must not produce dissolver gas. They must not be condensation curing based, acetate curing based or contain sulfur, chlorine or phthalate.

Avoid corrosive atmosphere during usage and storage.

3.5 EOS/ESD safety guidelines



The device / module contains components that are sensitive to electrostatic discharge and may only be installed in the factory and on site if appropriate EOS/ESD protection measures have been taken. No special measures need be taken for devices/modules with enclosed casings (contact with the pc board not possible), just normal installation practice. Please note the requirements set out in the document EOS / ESD guidelines (Guideline_EOS_ESD.pdf) at: <http://www.tridonic.com/esd-protection>

4. Life-time

4.1 Life-time, lumen maintenance and failure rate

The light output of an LED Module decreases over the life-time, this is characterized with the L value.

L70 means that the LED module will give 70 % of its initial luminous flux. This value is always related to the number of operation hours and therefore defines the life-time of an LED module.

As the L value is a statistical value and the lumen maintenance may vary over the delivered LED modules.

The B value defines the amount of modules which are below the specific L value, e.g. L70B10 means 10 % of the LED modules are below 70 % of the initial luminous flux, respectively 90 % will be above 70 % of the initial value.

In addition the percentage of failed modules (fatal failure) is characterized by the C value.

The F value is the combination of the B and C value. That means for F degradation and complete failures are considered, e.g. L70F10 means 10 % of the LED modules may fail or be below 70 % of the initial luminous flux.

4.2 Lumen maintenance for LLE 24mm LVD ADV1

LLE 24x1120mm LVD ADV1

Forward current	tp tempera- ture	L90 / F10 L90 / F50 L80 / F10 L80 / F50 L70 / F10 L70 / F50					
		40 °C	45 °C	50 °C	55 °C	60 °C	65 °C
500 mA	40 °C	43,000 h	58,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	45 °C	42,000 h	57,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	50 °C	41,000 h	55,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	55 °C	40,000 h	53,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	60 °C	39,000 h	51,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	65 °C	38,000 h	50,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	70 °C	37,000 h	48,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	75 °C	36,000 h	47,000 h	74,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h
	80 °C	36,000 h	45,000 h	72,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h	>75,000 h

4.3 Switching capability

100,000 cycles

Tridonic test according to IEC 62717 Cl 10.3.3
30 s on / 30 s off at Imax

5. Electrical values

5.1 Declaration of electrical parameters

Irated ... Nominal operating current the module is designed for.

I_{max} ... Max. permissible continuous operating current incl. The tolerances of the LED driver.

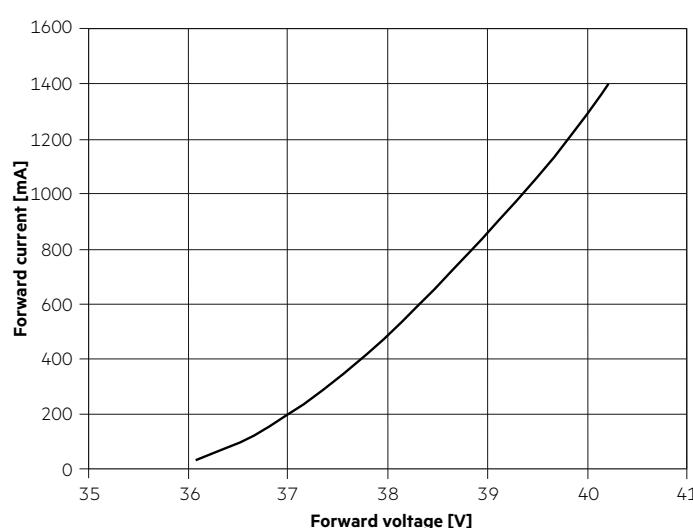
Max. permissible LF current ripple ... Max. output current of the LED driver incl. Tolerances and LF current ripple must not exceed this value.

Max. permissible peak current ... The max. output peak current of the LED driver must not exceed this value.

5.2 Typ. forward voltage vs. forward current

LLE 24x140mm 400lm 8xx LVD ADV1

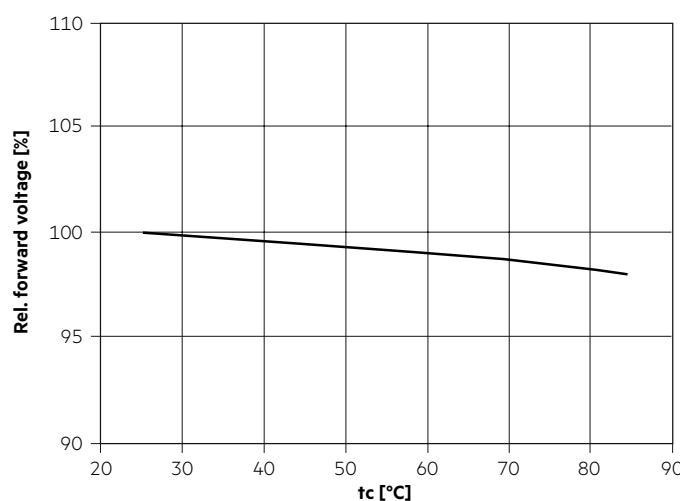
LLE 24x112mm 3500lm 8xx LVD ADV1



The diagrams are based on statistic values.

The real values can be different.

5.3 Forward voltage vs. tc temperature



The diagrams are based on statistic values.

The real values can be different.

6. Photometric characteristics

6.1 Coordinates and tolerances according to CIE 1931

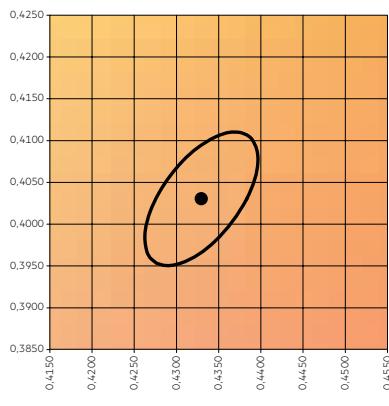
The specified colour coordinates are measured integral after a settling time of 100 ms. The current impulse depends on the module type.

The ambient temperature of the measurement is $t_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

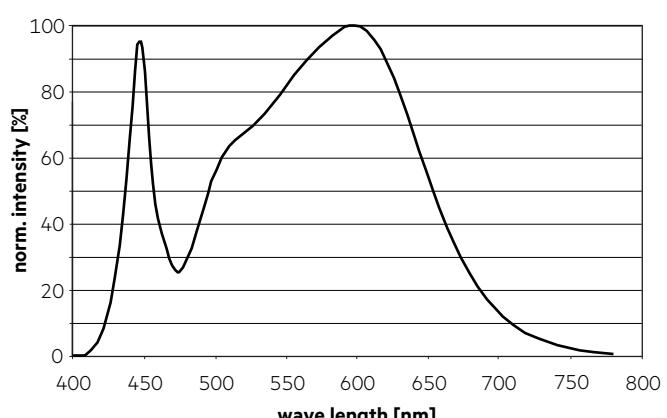
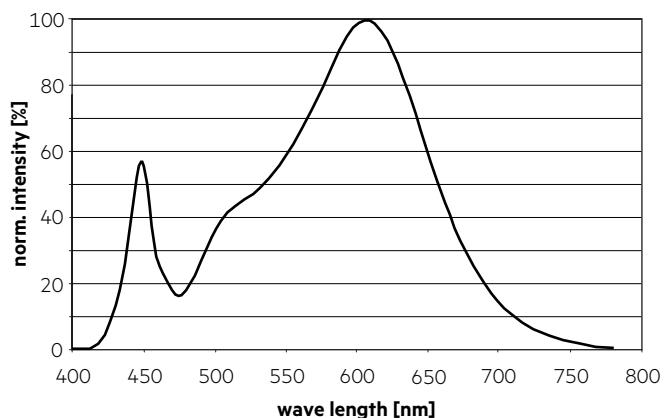
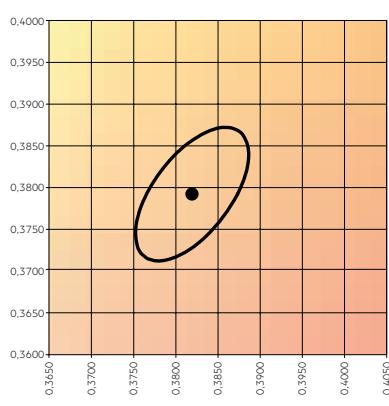
The measurement tolerance of the colour coordinates are ± 0.01 .

Module type	Current impulse
LLE 24x1120mm 3500lm xxx LVD ADV1	520 mA

3,000 K		
	x0	y0
Centre	0.4338	0.4030

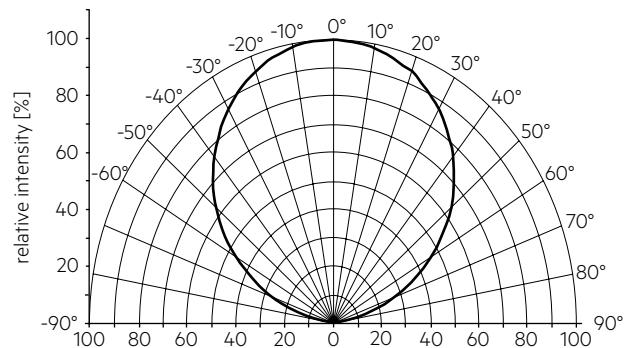


4,000 K		
	x0	y0
Center	0.3818	0.3797



6.2 Light distribution

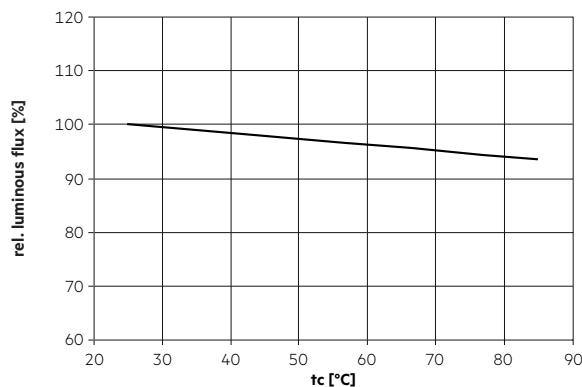
The optical design of the LLE product line ensures optimum homogeneity for the light distribution.



The colour temperature is measured integral over the complete module. The single LED light points can have deviations in the colour coordinates within MacAdam 5.

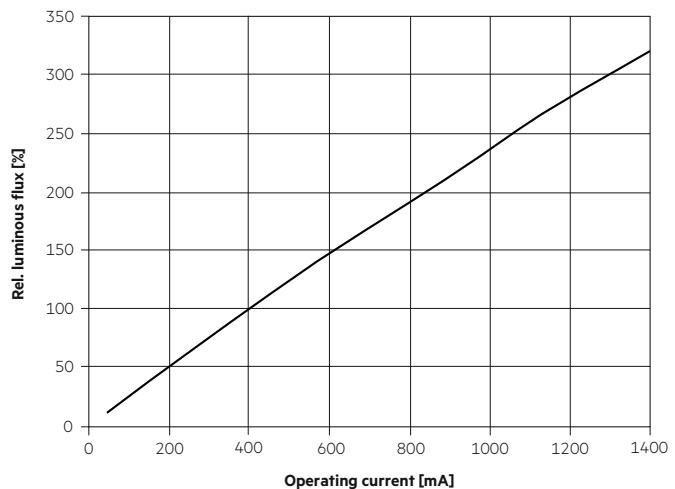
To ensure an ideal mixture of colours and a homogeneous light distribution a suitable optic (e. g. PMMA diffuser) and a sufficient spacing between module and optic (typ. 4 cm) should be used.

6.3 Relative luminous flux vs. tc temperature



6.4 Relative luminous flux vs. operating current

LLE 24x1120mm LVD ADV1



The diagrams are based on statistic values.
The real values can be different.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at www.tridonic.com → Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.